PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

BY JOHN I. SCULL.

DE REPUBLICA NON DESPERARE.

No. 1. PITTSBURGH, AUGUST 9, 1816. Vol. 31.

William Hill,

SOUTH EAST CORNER MARKET AND FOURTH STREETS,

Has received a large and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Which he offers for Sale on moderate terms *wholesale* and *retail*, chiefly consisting of

SUPERFINE, second, habit and common cloths
Stocknetts, velvets, cords and cassimers
Levantine, damask and serge silk shawls,
Black Barcelona, scarlet and flag Band. hdkfs.
Sup. and common Madrass handkerchiefs and cotton shawls
6-4 plain and figured silk lace
Laced and fancy silk handkerchiefs
Crapes and gauzes
Umbrellas and parasols
Hat covers
Ribbands, galloons, shoe and quality binding, sewing silks, silk twist, tapes, Scot's thread, suspenders, needles, pins No. 3 1-2 a 5
A great variety of fancy articles
Mens' coarse and fine shoes
Womens' morocco and leather shoes
Misses do. do. do.
Hatters morocco skins
Millington Crowley steel by the faggot
Swedish tub steel by the tub
A general assortment of Hardware and Queensware
First and second quality Madeira wine,
Sherry, Teneriffe and Port wine,
French Brandy,
First quality coffee by the barrel
Do. do. packed with loaf sugar
Gunpowder, young hyson, and hyson skin teas by the chest or keg
Flannels, blankets and baizes
Fancy and common waistcoatings
Super dressed and undressed prints
Common prints and plates
Ginghams, bombazetts, jeans and dimities
Cambrick, mull-mull, jaconet, and fancy figured muslin
Shirting and Colerain muslins
1 case assorted Irish Linen
Linen cambrick
Levantine, mantua and sensbaw silks
Linen and cotton checks and domestic plaids
India and domestic muslin
Mens' and womens' silk, worsted and cotton hosiery
Chocolate, No. 1 and 2, by the box
Best Spanish Segars by the box
Cinnamon, nutmegs and cloves, by the lb.
Allum, copperas, brimstone, pepper, allspice, by the keg
Ginger, madder, Spanish and Bengal indigo, glue, by the keg
Herrings and Shad by the barrel.
Patent Shot
Salt by the barrell
Writing Paper by the ream,
Juniata Bar Iron by the Ton
Castings do.

W. H. Is at all times enabled to execute orders for country linen, flax and tow, thread in cuts, twilled bags, country half hose, butter in kegs.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 9, 1816. tf

Grand National Lottery,

SECOND CLASS.

Authorised by Act of Congress, for opening a Canal in the City of Washington.

Begins drawing on the 30th September next.

35,000 Dollars,
25,000 Dollars, } Highest Prizes.
10,000 Dollars,

Six Dollars the lowest Prize.

SCHEME.

1 Prize	of $35,000	is	$35,000
1 do.		25,000	25,000
1 do.		10,000	10,000
1 do.		5,000	5,000
1 do.		2,000	2,000
4 do.		1,000	4,000
60 do.		600	30,000
50 do.		100	5,000
100 do.		50	5,000
208 do.		25	5,200
1000 do.		15	15,000
9800 do.		6	58,800

First drawn numbers on the 1st day, 2nd—3d—4th—5th—6th—7th—8th—9th—10th—11th—12th—13th—14th—15th—16th—17th—18th—19th—20th—21st—22nd—23d—24th—25th—26th—27th—28th—29th—30th—31st—32nd—33d—34th—35th—36th—37th—38th—39th—40th—41st—42nd—43d—44th—45th—46th—47th—48th—49th—and 50th days, are each to be entitled to one of the above 600 dollar prizes, payable in part by one hundred Tickets, beginning with No. 35001 to No. 35100 inclusive, for the first drawn on the first day of drawing and so on in regular succession for the rest.

The 35,000 Dollar Prize,
The 25,000 Dollar Prize,
The 10,000 Dollar Prize,

and all the other Capital Prizes are floating, and adventurers who purchase Tickets at the commencement of the Lottery have an equal chance of drawing any of the Capitals, as they may all come out on the first day of drawing.

Prizes subject to fifteen per cent. deduction and payable 40 days after the drawing is completed.

TICKETS FOR SALE

At the Store of WILLIAM HILL *for Cash only, who will receive the drawings regularly.*

Pittsburgh, July 8, 1816.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Subscriber will Sell the whole or any part of the following described Valuable Property, viz:—

A LOT OF GROUND, situated at the corner of Smithfield and Second Streets, in the City of Pittsburgh, containing 50 feet in front on Smithfield Street, and 66 and an half feet in depth. This Lot can be conveniently divided into two handsome building Lots of 25 feet front each; and the scite of the Bridge over the Monongahela River being fixed at the mouth of Smithfield Street, renders them eligible stands for Mercantile, Manufacturing, or Mechanical business.

THREE LOTS OF GROUND in the City of Pittsburgh—one fronting on Second Street, opposite the New Market, fronting a square of 100 feet wide extending to Smithfield Street, containing 40 feet front on Second Street, and extending in depth towards Front Street 65 feet, on which is erected a large and commodious Warehouse, suitable for any person engaged in Commission business—and its vicinity to the river, renders it peculiarly advantageous to mercantile men. The other two Lots are situated on the north side of Front Street—one of them containing 40 feet front on Front Street, and extending in depth towards Second Street 65 feet, on which is erected a large two story Frame Dwelling House, recently occupied by Thomas Bracken—the other adjoining the above 20 feet in front on Front Street, and 65 feet deep; both eligible situations for business

Also, *AN OUT LOT*, adjoining the City, containing about 16 acres, and adjoining property belonging to Doctor George Stevenson, and James R. Butler, bounded on the Monongahela river, and the public road leading to the Turnpike at Thompson's Lane. This Lot is in the highest state of cultivation, with a thriving young Orchard of the best grafted fruit, a Brick Spring House, over one of the finest springs in the Western Country, and a variety of other improvements. This Lot will be Sold either in whole, or be divided into small Lots, to suit purchasers, a plan of which may be seen on application to the subscriber.

The whole of the above described property, recently belonged to the late Thomas Bracken. The terms will be liberal and accommodating to purchasers. Any person wishing to view any part of the property, will apply to the subscriber, or those on the premises.

DAVID PRIDE.

Pittsburgh, April 3, 1816.

DOCTOR CHISHOLM'S Anti-Bilious Pills,

Of a quality superior to any thing of the kind ever offered as a GENERAL MEDICINE, in this Country.

NOW prepared from a recipe of the celebrated *Dr. Chisholm*, who, from a long residence in the West-India Islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most complete history, and most approved methods of curing all the BILIOUS DISEASES of those warm climates.

This extraordinary Medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to the mercurial nostrums so frequently recommended by the name of *Anti-Bilious Pills*. The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuent of Bile, is without example; never producing debility or injuring the health, in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child or weakly female:

The BILIOUS HEAD-ACHE, so much complained of in this country, and in the neighbourhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which, to a strong man, is only five pills, and to a weakly woman, three. The same dose will generally remove the most excruciating pains of the cholic, like a charm, by abusing the bile to pass downwards in the course of an hour or two.

Two or three Pills taken an hour before dinner, and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from flatulency and indigestion, and by persevering in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.

Two Pills taken at bed time, with a cup of penny-royal tea, and repeated every second night, will effectually remove *Rheumatic pains* wherever seated.

A single Pill, taken every fourth hour with a cup of flaxseed tea, will cure *Pleurisy*, promote expectoration, and relieve coughs and colds.

In CONSUMPTIVE CASES and DISEASES OF THE LIVER, no medicine ever yet discovered, has been known to perform such cures. Two Pills taken every third morning, will be found sufficient, unless costiveness prevails; in which case the dose may be increased according to the strength or constituton.

The *Dysentery*, *Croup*, and *Summer Complaint* on children, are soon relieved by a few doses. A single Pill to a child of 6 years old, and the dose increased according to their strength and age.

In *Asthmatic* or *Phthisical* cases, where the laborious breathing & great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few Pills, taking one every hour, with fennel or pepper-mint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.

The above valuable Medicine is Sold ONLY *in Pittsburgh, by*

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,

at their Wholesale and Retail Apothecary and Drug Store.

Seventy-five Cents Cash,

WILL BE GIVEN FOR GOOD

Merchantable FLAXSEED,

APPLY TO GILLAND & CO.

Corner of Market and Fourth Streets, Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh Drug and Paint Warehouse.

AVERY & STEVENSON,

Wholesale and Retail Druggists,

INFORM *PHYSICIANS, DRUGGISTS, PAINTERS*, and all dealers in the Drug and Paint line, that they have for Sale, at their Warehouse, corner of Wood and Second Streets, *Pittsburgh*, an extensive assortment of

Medicines, Drugs, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, &c.

WARRANTED OF PRIME QUALITY.

AVERY & STEVENSON, intending an extensive business, have made such arrangements as will insure them, at the lowest rates, (by importations, &c.) a regular supply of the best MEDICINES, PAINTS, &c.—and they pledge themselves to supply western orders without delay, at as low prices as will be done by the Druggists of Philadelphia and Baltimore, with the addition of carriage only.

A CONSTANT SUPPLY OF

Stevenson's White Lead,

Warranted equal to any in the United States.

AUGUST, 9, 1816.

REMOVAL.

Bradley & Butler,

TAYLORS.

THANKFUL for past favors, inform their Friends, Customers and the Public in general, that they have removed from their old stand to the east side of Market Street, between First and Second Streets, next door to D. S. Scully's Auction Store, where they carry on business as usual, and will be able to execute orders in their line with neatness and dispatch.

They have on hand *SUPERFINE CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, STOCKINET, and VESTING*, which they will sell at a small advance.

Wanted, Four or Five Journeymen, to whom constant employment and good wages will be given.

Pittsburgh, May 2, 1816. tf

S. & J. Thompson,

MERCHANT TAYLORS,

South end of Market Street, Pittsburgh,

Have just received a large supply of

Superfine Cloths, Cassimers,

and VESTINGS, of the most fashionable colours and of a very superior quality. Likewise, an assortment of the most fashionable SUMMER STUFFS, MILITARY TRIMMINGS, &c. They have obtained the latest FASHIONS, and have a number of excellent Workmen, which will enable them to fill orders with dispatch.

☞ Six or Eight Journeymen, and One Apprentice, wanted immediately.

Pittsburgh, May 4, 1816.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE *TRACT* of *LAND*, containing 177 acres, situate in Deer township, Allegheny county, adjoining lands of Robert Miller, James Love and others, about 13 miles from Pittsburgh. The improvements consist of two story log dwelling House, and about 15 acres cleared. This tract is considered one of the best in the neighbourhood.

ALSO, FOR SALE,

A LOT of GROUND, in the City of Pittsburgh, being 46 feet front on Irwin Street and 64 feet deep, on which is erected a two story Frame House, 21 feet front and 32 feet deep, well finished, and other convenient buildings. This Lot is subject to two dollars per foot annually, forever. To suit purchasers I will sell that part of the Lot on which the House stands separately; the residue of the ground will have the advantage of two gables to build to.

ALSO,

A LOT of Ground,

NO. 11, in Bayard's Town, Northern Liberties, 50 feet front on the Turnpike Road, and 100 feet in depth to a 20 feet Alley, in fee simple. The property will be cheap.

For terms, which will be made easy, apply at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette, or to the subscriber living on the premises in Irwin Street.

RICHARD LEWIS.

Pittsburgh, April 15, 1816.

100 Dollars Reward.

ESCAPED from the common jail, in the village of Mayville, county of Chatauque, and state of New-York, on the 17th inst a person by the name of SAMUEL PARKER, formerly from the state of Pennsylvania, and well known at Pittsburgh and its vicinity. Said Parker is about 32 years old, about 6 feet high, well built, sandy complexion, and reddish hair was committed for an assault and battery, with an intent to murder, and also for forgery. Whoever will take up said Parker, and return him to this prison, or secure him in any jail in the United States, and give notice thereof, shall be entitled to the above reward, and all necessary charges paid.

JONATHAN SPRAGUE, Sheriff.

Mayville, July 6, 1816.

232752

For Sale on perpetual Ground Rent.

THE TWO HOUSES and LOT where the subscriber now lives, nearly opposite Mr. Beelen's Store, Front Street. For trade or any public business there are few situations better in this City. For particulars enquire of

RICHARD HANCOCK.

Pittsburgh, July 3, 1816.

John B. Trevor,

Having sold his Share in the Glass Manufactory heretofore conducted under the Firm of TREVOR & ENCELL, the business of said Establishment, in its various branches, is now carried on by

BOLTON, ENCELL & CO.

GLASS MANUFACTURERS,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

At their commodious Warehouse in Wood Street, near the Monongahela Ferry; where they offer for Sale a general assortment of

Plain and Cut Flint Glass.

Orders for GLASS shall be executed with care and despatch, and GOODS and MERCHANDIZE received, stored and forwarded on the usual terms of Commission.

Having made arrangements for a regular supply of WINDOW GLASS and GREEN BOTTLES, *Bolton, Encell & Co.* will shortly be able to furnish their Customers with all kinds of Articles in the Glass line of business.

Pittsburgh, May 1, 1816.

London Particular,

MADEIRA, } WINES.
LISBON,
PORT AND TENERIFFE,

Four proof COGNIAC BRANDY, by the barrel, half barrel, or quarter.
LUMP SUGAR in barrels,
First quality HAVANNA SEGARS, by the box and half box,
MADDER in barrels,
To be Sold on Commission by D. S. SCULLY, Market Street, Pittsburgh.

A constant supply of the above Articles, together with a general assortment of *GROCERIES* of the best quality, and on the most liberal terms, to be had at the above Store.

N. B. The highest premium given for GOLD and SILVER.

D. S. SCULLY.

Pittsburgh, May 22, 1816. tf

FOR SALE.

THE subscribers offer for sale, the following property belonging to the estate of THOMAS WALLACE, dec. viz. 1 lot fronting on Penn-street, sub-divided into building lots of 25 by 50 feet—one lot on Fourth, between Ferry-street and Redoubt alley—and 1 lot fronting on Redoubt alley, between Third and Fourth-streets. Also, one 10 acre out-lot situated near the town of Allegheny—all of which they will dispose of upon the most accommodoting terms.

They will also have for lease for the term of 18 years, the tan yard formerly occupied by the deceased, subdivided into lots of 25 by 84 feet, fronting on third and fourth streets.

The lot to which the ferry on the Allegheny river at the mouth of Market street is attached will also be subdivided into building lots, subject to leases upon the same terms as above.

For further particulars, enquire of WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jun. or IRWIN WALLACE, who are authorised to make arrangements for the sale and lease of the above property.

GEORGE WALLACE,
WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jun.
MARY WALLACE,
IRWIN WALLACE.

Pittsburgh June 8, 1815.

20 Bales New-Orleans Cotton,

10,000lbs. Campeachy Logwood,

Just received for Sale, by

ALLEN & GRANT.

Pittsburgh, 18th April, 1816.

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 9, 1816.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED ON
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
BY JOHN I. SCULL,
In Front Street, nearly opposite the Post-Office.

CONDITIONS.

THREE DOLLARS a year. paid half yearly in advance—or THREE DOLLARS and FIFTY CENTS, at the end of the year.

If the Subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the expiration of the year, it will be considered a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted in a neat and conspicuous form, at One Dollar per square for the first three insertions, and Twenty-five Cents per square for each continuance.

GAZETTES OR NEWSPAPERS.

Monsieur de Saintfoix, in his historical Essays on Paris, gives this account of their introduction :—

Theophrastus Renaudot, a Physician of Paris, picked up news from all quarters, to amuse his patients; he presently became more in request than any of his brethren, but as the whole city is not ill, or at least don't imagine itself to be so, he began to reflect at the end of some years, that he might gain a more considerable income by giving a paper every week, containing the news of different countries.—A permission was necessary; he obtained it, with an exclusive privilege, in 1632. Such papers had been in use for a considerable time at Venice, and were called Gazettes, because a small piece of money called Gazetta, was paid for reading them. This is the origin of our Gazettes and its name. About ten years afterwards they were common in England by the name of Mercuries.

MAJOR JOHN NORTON.

A correspondent of the "*Missouri Gazette*," printed in the town of St. Louis, (Missouri Territory,) gives the following history of *Norton*, the celebrated Indian partizan; who it will be recollected, has lately been advanced to a majority in the British service.

"I remember having a slight acquaintance with Norton, some twenty years ago, when in the course of conversation he gave me the following history of himself:

That he was born in the Cherokee country, in the south and was a true Indian, and while a boy he attached himself to the British soldiers, then in that country, perhaps the Floridas; one of which soldiers he called his father, and the soldier treated him as a son. When the regiment was ordered to Europe, young Norton was taken away by his adopted father, who after some few years procured his discharge from the army and settled in some part of Scotland, and after giving young Norton a good education he bound him to the printing business, to which he served 7 complete years.

"After the expiration of his time he went to London, where, not immediately finding employment and being in want, he enlisted as a private in a regiment of foot and was sent with many other recruits to join the regiment in North America, then lying at Niagra—after many inquiries, his adopted father heard where he was, and procured from the government his discharge, after a service of two years. Norton, while doing duty at Niagara, had seen and had frequent conversations with the many Indians who visited that part, and sighed heavily at his fate, of being a soldier and obliged to obey orders from boyish officers; and when he received his discharge, he, to use his own words, thought himself a new man. When he became thus at liberty, he immediately crossed over the Niagara river, in upper Canada, and under the direction of that celebrtted Indian chief, colonel Joseph Brandt.

"He soon learned to speak, read and write the Indian language fluently, and was some short time a teacher to the Indians; but teaching school was too tedious, and confinement was more than he could bear, he associated with the young Indians in all their diversions, and became at once as perfect an Indian as ran in the woods, having his ears cut and his nose bored. I have understood, that he has frequently had a few goods on credit, but always like an Indian, he never traded for profit; all he wished for was to collect enough of furs to pay his merchant, and the remainder of his goods was given to his Indian friends and relations. Norton has been often, previous to the late war, among the Creeks and Cherokees, and he has been heard to express a very high opinion of the United States, wishing to civilize the Indians, saying that perseverance alone will bring about the useful arts among the Indians nations.

"He has been thrice in London since he first left there as a common soldier, and it is said that a drawing as large as life of Norton, in his Indian dress, is occasionally exhibited in Shakespeare gallery, in that metropolis. Indeed see Norton, when you will he is always dressed like an Indian, and among ten or a dozen of his companions it is impossible to point him out unless you have had a prior acquaintance with him, or get into conversation with him; in that case, you will discover the perfect scholar. When I first saw Norton he was a very intelligent, modest and unassuming young man, and could discourse on any subject, but in all his conversations about Indians, he complains of the injustice they receive from the intrigues of the white people. Norton must now be a man of about 45 years of age."

Latest News from Europe.

NEW-YORK, *July 27.*

By the ships America and Lindzee, from London, the Editors of the New-York Gazette, and the New-York Mercantile Advertiser, have received London papers to the 12th of June, inclusive—from which the following Extracts are made.

LONDON, *June 3.*

Since our last, Paris papers of Thursday have arrived—and this morning, we received those of Friday. Another French General (Gruyer,) has been sentenced to be shot for the rebellion of March, 1815, & the ridiculous farce of trying Marshal Grouchy, who is absent, is going on.

Paris Journals to the 1st instant, and a Flanders Mail, have arrived this morning. A consderable change is operating in the temper, the vigilance, and the vigour of the French Government, since the explosions at Grenoble and elswhere. This we find proved more by our Private Letters than by the Public Journals.

There is one important paragraph in these papers, under the head of Vienna, which commences the report that the Russian Army is to be kept upon the war footing.

The King of France has very properly distributed the forfeited property of the rebellious family of Bonaparte, among the soldiers and officers who had lost the pensions earned by their wounds in battle, and has in this respect made no distinction between the royalists of La Vendee and those who had served under Bonaparte prior to the first restoration.

June 6.—From the Paris Journals we have this day made some further extracts. A misunderstanding had arisen between the Swedish Court and the Porte. To the approaching Diet at Frankfort, is to be referred a dispute between Austria and Sardinia, respecting the fortresses in Italy.—These subjects, together with the disputes in Wirtemberg and Baden, which will come before the same Diet, will afford opportunities for the meditation of Russia, and the other great Powers.

The Paris papers of Sunday last, arrived this forenoon. We were in expectation that they would have brought us to the judgment of the Council of War on General Bonnaire, and his Aid-de-Camp, who have been undergoing their trial for the assassination of Colonel Gordon, at Conde. The papers indeed, furnish us with the conclusion of the trial, which terminated on Saturday—but the Council had not delivered its decision, having retired to deliberate, and the sentence would not be made public till next day. Gordon, we believe, was not a Englishman, though his name might imply a British extraction. He was in the King of France's service; and like his brother, who has been publishing the letters about him, appears to have been a zealous partizan of the Bourbons.

The Duchess of Berri is to make her entry into Paris on Sunday the 16th inst.

The Duke of Wellington has arrived in Paris. Little importance is attached to this visit. His Grace's audience with the King seem to be matters of course, and it is in the nature of Bourbon associations, to mix the Hero of Waterloo with their happiness. Some consequence seems naturally attached to the change spoken of in the Russian representation at Paris.

An extraordinary degree of activity prevails in the French naval departments. The Cybele frigate has sailed from Brest for Newfoundland, where she is to be stationed, with two sloops of war, for the protection of the fishery. The trial of Didier, the ostensible leader of the insurrection at Grenoble, has commenced. The French Funds are a few cents under 60.

Brussels papers to the 10th, and Hamburgh Gazettes to the 5th, have been received, and brought rather an important piece of intelligence, The whole Russian army, which has hitherto been stationed on the frontiers, especially towards Turkey, is dissolved; and the troops of which it was composed have commenced their march to the remote povinces of the Russian Empire.

In the House of Lords, last night, the Earl of Donoughmore presented the petitions of the Irish Catholics, and Earl Grey the petition of the Catholic subjects of Great Britain, among whom appear as petitioners for a share in the privileges of the British Constitution. the most respectable names of the Duke of Norfolk, the Earl of Shrewsbury, Lord Clifford, and all the Catholics Peers, who, as justly remarked, are without a shadow of reason excluded from a seat in the house of peers, and all participations in the legislature of the country in which they have so great a stake. The discussion on the petitions is fixed for Friday the 12th inst.

From various circumstances related, both in the Paris Journals. and in our private letters from that city, we find that a bad spirit exists between the courts of the Thuilleries and of Stockholm. The friends of Bonaparte, who hate the Crown Prince of Sweden for having deserted their cause, lose no opportunity of contrasting his situation with that of Bourbons when the queston of legitimacy is stated, and the Bourbons themselves, it is supposed, bear no good will to the crown Prince, both on account of his illegitimacy, and of attempts he is said to have made two years ago to become the successor of Bonaparte on the the throne of France. Count Lageroielke, Ambassador from Sweden to France, has been in Paris for a year past living as a private individual, not being received at Court, and he is now preparing to return to Sweden. A Paris Journal lately corrected the title the late King of Sweden now takes. It is said that he had long been called Count Gottorp, but now called himself Count Holstein Gottorp, and that hereafter he *might* again change his title. This circumstance has given rise to much speculation. The Crown Prince has for some time been alarmed, and has applied to Russia for protection. Russia has promised to support him, and will most certainly keep her word. We see at this day what she has gained by having protected the Kings of Poland. His Royal Highness, therefore is in no danger of losing the Crown he has in view, though its possession to him might be endangered had France and Sweden the entire disposal of it. In Sweden there is a strong party desirous of disputing his claims.

I OFFER myself as a Candidate for the Office of SHERIFF at the ensuing General Election, and solicit the patronage of the Electors of Allegheny County.

L. STEWART.

Pittsburgh, August 8, 1816.

AN ORDINANCE,
Containing Regulations as to Gun Powder.

Section I. BE *it ordained and enacted by the Citizens of Pittsburgh in Select and Common Councils assembled*, That no merchant, shopkeeper, or other person or persons shall keep at the same time in any house, shop, cellar or warehouse, or other apartment or in any boat or boats within the said city, more than thirty pounds weight of gun-powder.

Section II. *Be it further ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That the aforesaid quantity of gun-powder allowed to be kept within the city, shall be deposited in a place by itself, separate from other goods and commodities, and shall be secured by lock and key or in some other safe manner.

Section III. *Be it further ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That no person shall carry or convey in any dray, cart, waggon or other carriage, any greater quantity of gun-powder than thirty pounds weight at any one time in or through the city, without securing the same in a good bag or bags, or within a canvass or other safe covering, completely around the said powder, sufficient to prevent the same from scattering from the said carriage.

Section IV. *Be it further ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid*, that if any person or persons shall offend against, or violate any of the sections or provisions contained in this ordinance, he she or they, so offending, shall, upon conviction thereof, pay a fine of fifty dollars.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Council, on 27th July, 1816.

WILLIAM WILKINS,
President of the Common Council.
Attest—S. ENGLES, *Clerk Common Council.*

JAMES ROSS,
President of the Select Council.
Attest—JAMES M. RIDDLE, *Clerk Select Council.*

English Grammar.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the young Gentlemen of this City, that on the first Monday in September next, he will commence giving lessons to another class in this important science.

As it will interfere with the organization of the class for Pupils to join it at different periods, none can be received but such as shall have made application previous to the above mentioned time.

JOHN BOARDMAN.

Pittsburgh, August 8, 1816.

Turnpike Notice.

THE President and Managers of the Stoy'stown and Greensburgh Turnpike Company, have ordered that the Stockholders pay to the Treasurer the fifth instalment of Five Dollars on each share, on next the first of June the sixth instalment of Five Dollars on each share, on the first of July next; the seventh instalment of Five Dollars on each share, on the first of August next; the eighth instalment of Five Dollars on each share, on the first of September next; the ninth instalment of Five Dollars on each share, on the first of October next, and the tenth instalment of Five Dollars on each share, on the first of November next.

Capt. JOHN PENTLAND, of Pittsburgh, is authorised to receive payments for the Treasurer.

THOMAS POLLOCK, Treasurer.

April 1, 1816.

Fresh Summer Goods.

The Subscriber has just received a small assortment of FRESH SUMMER GOODS,
Consisting of

LONG blue and yellow Nankeens, and fine white Jeans
Black silk, fringed, Canton and checked handkerchiefs
Silk bandano, flag, cotton and Madras do.
Super 6-4 white, and 7-8 black cambrick muslin
Fine and superfine cotton shirtings, and India do.
Domestic cotton stripes and plaids, and bombazetts assorted colours
Black velvet and silver grey velvet cords
Broadcloths, cassimers and sattinetts
Damask silk shawls, Virginia and sattins.
A small fresh assortment of HARDWARE
Also, on hand, a very considerable and general variety of
DRY GOODS, HARDWARES, QUEENSWARES GLASSWARE, BOOKS, AND STATIONARY, GROCERIES, &c. &c. &c.
AND
100 dozen best cut and dry Tobacco, very suitable for retailers
150 do. low priced pocket, pen, & Barlow knives
100 cards of Beads assorted, and 40 reams Writing Paper, No. 1, 2, 3.
10 barrels prime old Cherry Bounce
A small assortment of Bar Iron, and German, Crowley and blister Steel
Children's Morrocco hats per dozen
Inkpowder and Blackball
Powder, best flour of Mustard, Butter and Rosin, by the keg
An invoice of woolen made up Cloathing, and Roram and Wool Hats, &c.
To be Sold at the lowest current market prices for Cash, or approved Notes or Barter.
Every attention paid to Customers, and the smallest favours thankfully received, and gratefully acknowledged.

ISAAC HARRIS,
Diamond, Pittsburgh.

August 9, 1816.

☞ All kinds of Country Produce kept for Sale, and taken in exchange for Goods, at fair market prices. 6t.

N. B. The WAREHOUSE lately occupied by Mr. James Adams, and Messrs. Allen & Grant, in Jail Alley, to Rent for one or two years, very low. Enquire of Messrs. ALLEN & GRANT, or of the subscriber. I. H.

To Country Merchants.

COMLY & WRIGHT,
No. 95 MARKET STREET,

ARE selling off, at very reduced prices, for Cash or good acceptances, a large stock of

DRY GOODS.

CONSISTING OF THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES, VIZ.

10 Bales super and middling Cloths of fashionable colours
12 Do. do. coarse do do.
7 Do do coatings
15 Do. Rose, Point and Duffil Blankets
2 Do. white Kerseys,
2 Do. blue Plains,
9 Cases Velveteens, Cords and Thicksets
3 Bales super and common Bedford Cords
3 Do. do. do. Cassimeres
1 Do. do. Stockingnetts
10 Trunks super fancy Prints, beautiful patterns
2 Do. Madrass Hdkf's
3 Do. 3-4 and 9-8 fancy Ginghams
8 Do. 7-8 and 9-8 Steam Loom and Long Cloth Shirting
5 Do. 9-8 and 6-4 Cambric Muslins
9 cases Pins
3 Do. Cotton Hosiery
1 Do. fashionable Coat Buttons
1 Do do. Wove do.
1 Do. do. Dimity
10 Do. best patent Threads

With a variety of small articles, as Binding, Ferret, Buttons, Tapes, Cotton Balls, Shirt Wires, Ribbons, &c.

—ALSO—

60 Bales of India Muslins,

CONSISTING OF

Sannahs,
Gurrahs,
Mamodies,
Cossas,
Baftas,
Fine Mull Mull
Jaconet, Terrendams,
Scarfs, Seerhodcodie,
Nansook, Hdkf's

} COMPANY GOODS.

ALSO—
10 Cases Calcutta Silk Goods, viz:
5 Do. Choppa Romals, first quality,
3 Do. Bandannas,
2 Do. Sistersoys,
ALSO—
10,000 Yards DOMESTIC SHIRTINGS of good quality.

Philadelphia, Aug. 9, 1816. 2aw1m

A Gig Horse, for Sale.

A VERY FINE GIG or RIDING HORSE, for Sale. He is well known in this place as an excellent and very expeditious traveller, and extremely well suited for a Lady's hackney Terms reasonable. Enquire of ISAAC HARRIS,
Diamond, Pittsburgh.

August 10, 1816.

THE next number of the "*Pittsburgh Mercury*," will be issued from the new Brick building, in Liberty street, at the head of Wood street, nearly opposite the Octagon Church; where subscribers, advertising customers and friends of that establishment are respectfully invited to call.

AUGUST 3d, 1816.

☞ Printing in general, neatly and promptly executed, as above.

PITTSBURGH.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 9, 1816.

THE "*PITTSBURGH GAZETTE*" under the original proprietor, Mr. John Scull, was the first establishment of the kind, west of the mountains. On its first appearance, it was viewed as a meteor of the moment, whose existence would terminate with the second or third number; and the idea of deriving a subsistence from its publication, was classed among the chimeras of a too sanguine temper. Our country was then a "howling wilderness," and the Ohio, whose fair bosom is now covered with the "white sails of commerce," was then disturbed only by the yell of the savage, who lay ambushed on its bank, or glided o'er its surface, in his solitary canoe. But these obstacles, though disheartening, were not sufficient to destroy the enterprize of the Editor. He had turned his back on the civilization and comforts of his native place; he had deliberately subjected himself to the inconveniences of emigration, and his was not the ardour to be damped at the outset. He felt a proud consciousness of possessing industry, attentiveness, and consistency; he dreamed of ultimate success, and his dreams have been realized. He became a citizen of Pittsburgh, when it was little more than an Indian village; his interests grew with its growth; he saw it rise into a manufacturing town; he has heard it emphatically called the "Birmingham of America;" and finally, he has the triumphant satisfaction, of beholding in his own days, the village of the desert, changed into the city of the west. He has succeeded even beyond his expectations; he has run his moderate, unostentatious course. The patronage he has received, was sufficient for his desires; his editorial life here ends; with feelings acutely sensible of the favors he has received, he now relinquishes to his son and successor the "Pittsburgh Gazette," unstained by corruption, and free from venality, but ever firm, he trusts, in supporting our palladium, the freedom of the Press.

The new Editor, in taking upon himself the important office of conducting a political paper, begs leave to address a few lines to the ancient patrons of the Gazette, and to those who may feel disposed to favor the paper, under its new director.

The prospectus of village journals, has heretofore been as little attractive, as a "tale thrice told," or as the periodical ebullitions of the fourth of July. A country Editor, when sitting down to announce his intention, and to explain his principles, commonly does it more for the sake of form, and of complying with established custom, than from the anticipation of being generally read, or from the still more delusive hope of increasing, by these means, the list of patrons. Provincial gazettes have been destined to be viewed as village appendages, too much in the light of an alehouse, or blacksmith's shop; as these are necessary for the temporary accommodation of individuals, so are *those* considered merely as convenient vehicles, for announcing to the world. the important intelligence of stray cattle, runaway apprentices, and cheap stores. But the present Editor feels happy, that at the moment he enters on his duties, a new era is commencing in the western country; his predecessor began his publication. before science had even dawned, o'er the "wild," and before politics were thought of as a system; he, on the contrary, commences his career, at the instant Pittsburgh takes her place among the Cities of the Union; the day of science is rapidly breaking, and politics have been completely systematized; the arduous duties, which in the case of his predecessor were relieved by no assistance, and softened by no sympathy, he flatters himself will fall comparatively light on him. The industrious application to their private concerns, to which the cotemporaries of his predecessor were obliged to devote themselves, left them no time for literary pursuits nor for political disquisitions. But happily the case is now different. Wealth has crowned the exertions of industry; science has become fashionable, and to inculcate orthodoxy in politics, is viewed a matter of the highest importance. We have now enough of that spare time, which is classically termed "elegant leisure," and the Editor flatters himself, that from the circle of his friends he shall be able to form a "phalanx" whose talents, and acquirements, and devotion to the true interests of their country, will enable him to offer to the world a Journal of correct taste as regards literature, and of the soundest principles as relates to politics.

In the time of his predecessor, there might have been many things left "undone," which ought to have been "done;" but there was nothing "done," which ought *not* to have been "done." The Pittsburgh Gazette was founded in those days, when the sterling principles of Washington, were the only circulating medium of politics. In the present days of paper currency, we shall strenuously oppose the introduction of any depreciated representative of the coin of the "olden time."—Thank Heaven, no physical power can export, no board of directors hoard up this "precious metal;" and while our country is in a state of rapid political progression, these principles must be predominant, however disguised under other names; however resorted to by the old enemies of the "faith." It is gratifying to live at the period when the remedies which are applied to cure the evils brought on us by our political quacks, afford so striking an acknowledgment that the tenets of Washington and of Hamilton are the only rule by which we are to hold our existence as a nation. The successive repeals, by the present administration, of every part of the Jeffersonian system, is a proud triumph for federalism; the late acts of the present executive, and general legislature, carry more conviction on the subject, than could be induced by volumes of federal exposition; and all that is now wanting is, to shake, to eradicate that deep rooted prejudice which from various causes has too generally pervaded our citizens; but the day we hope will come and that shortly, when this cancer of the body politic will be destroyed by the pure alkali of truth; when the exertions for spreading correct principles of politics, shall be secondary only to the zeal for disseminating the Gospel, and when the success of our political, will only be surpassed by that of our religious missionaries.—As an humble instrument in this cause we stand determined to pursue this great object firmly and honestly; for this purpose we solicit the aid of those who believe in the creed of Hamilton. In the mean time we shall adopt for our rule of feeling, the great Roman maxim, DE REPULBICA NON DESPERARE.*

JOHN I. SCULL.

* *Never to despair for the Republic.*

The Gazette will be published twice a week, on a medium sheet, (size of the present number.) For terms, see second page.

LOSS OF THE STEAM BOAT VESUVIUS

Extract of a letter from a gentlemen in N. Orleans, to Captain R. Bowen, of this City, dated

"NEW-ORLEANS, *July* 14, 1816.

"I have to communicate to you a most unfortunate accident that happened last night. The Steam Boat Vesuvius, captain John De Hart, having completed her loading for Natchez, at about half past five o'clock, last evening, left the levee to go up a short distance for the purpose of trying her machinery, which had undergone some alterations since her last trip. It appears she went about two miles up, and on returning, when nearly opposite her accustomed birth, the fire burst with the greatest violence from several parts of her deck, and being in the stream, people on the shore could not render her any assistance, and she, with nearly the whole of her cargo, was totally consumed. The loss sustained is very great. It was near midnight when the fire broke out—it is not fully ascertained how it originated."

[The Vesuvius was built at this place, about two years ago, by the company of Fulton & Livingston.]

On Thursday night the 1st inst. about 9 o'clock, a FIRE broke out in the work-shop of Mr. Joseph Roseman, chair-maker The shop was entirely consumed.

SUMMARY.

The Perpetual Motion of Redheffer is put at rest;—the committee appointed by himself met on the morning of the 28th ult. to examine it, when lo! every thing but the tongue of Redheffer was at rest, which was constantly going, in making excuses why the machine was not ready.———The scarcity of bread corn in New Hampshire, Vermont, part of New York, and Canada, is so great as to excite painful apprehensions on account of the poorer classes of society. In some places, corn has been sold as high as three dollars per bushel, and flour from 15 to 20 dollars per barrel.——Thomas Vanderslice, charged with having committed a wilful and deliberate murder on a man on the Lancaster road, about 20 miles from Philadelphia, made his escape to South Carolina, where he was apprehended, and delivered by the executive of that state to a messenger sent to receive him. He was brought to Philadelphia a few days ago, and lodged in jail.———Mrs. Ann Carson, alias Smith, was brought up before Judge Carson, of Dauphin county, on a writ of habeas corpus, there was an irregularity in the writ, and she was remanded to prison; It was understood, however, that a full hearing would be had in her case.———On the 12th ult. about 5 acres of land slipped from the side of a hill, near the village of Herkimer, New York, into West Canada creek, near its confluence with the Mohawk river.———Gen. Wilkinson's memoirs of his own times, will be published in September, in three large volumes.

By a gentleman just arrived in Steubenville, direct from Mackinaw and Detroit, we learn that the troops at the former place, to the number of between 3 and 400 men, have not had a dollar of their pay for upwards of *fifteen months* past neither officers nor men—nor do they know when they are to receive it. This fact is the more extraordinary, as there are, or were lately, abundant funds belonging to the U. States, in the banks in this state and in Pittsburgh.—It might have been supposed that when the wages of the poor soldiers were reduced from eight to five dollars per month, that that poor pittance would not have been withheld from them.

Thus are the men treated, who carried victory with them wherever they went; and whose gallant deeds have just been toasted from one extremity of our country to the other. *Herald.*

ERIE, *July* 27.

CASUALTIES.

Arrived on Wednesday, the U. S. schr. Ghent, Lieut. Comdt. Conkling, two days from Buffalo. Just before entering the port, a man was sent aloft to clear some rigging, and in performing the duty fell overboard. Every exertion to save him proved ineffectual. In falling from the mast head, as we are informed, his body struck against the bulwark, which is supposed to have caused his death.

Same day, about 11 o'clock, Captain Allen, of the sloop——left his vessel in a small boat with only one man.—When crossing the bar a wave struck the boat, and the Captain was thrown out and drowned. His companion reached the shore in safety.

"HARD TIMES."

Hard times, indeed, and the *times* will continue *hard* until the people *turn over a new leaf*. They must retrench their expenditures. They must buy less than they sell —*Credit* has been the great cause of their present embarrassments. People have ventured beyond their strength—they have pushed too far from shore. They have tried too many experiments. They have caught in an evil hour that love of innovation which has heretofore characterized our national rulers; and, like them, they must return to those plain, common sense maxims, which will shew them the way to prosperity.—Let them quit speculation for industry; extravagance for frugality; *intemperance* for sobriety: and the times will become speedily meliorated—the people will, in a great measure, be relieved of their embarrassments. Unless this be done the *times* ere they are better, will become worse, fourfold.—*Mass. Spy.*

MELANCHOLY SHIP WRECK.

NEW-YORK, *July* 25.

A letter received this morning by a mercantile house in this city, dated Genoa, May 18, 1816, states the loss of the ship Betsey of this port, and all her crew, 24 in number, except one man. Extract from the letter;

"GENOA, May 18, 1816.

"Our chief object in writing you, is to acquaint you for the information of any of your friends that may be interested, of the melancholy account just received of the loss of the ship Betsey, William Gams, from your place to Leghorn, laden with sugar, coffee, iron and muslin. She was unfortunately wrecked on the coast of Tuscany, and only one man saved."

KAMSCATKA PIGS.

Two of these animals are now exhibiting in N. York, and are thus described: The head is like that of a Fox, the feet and legs like a Deer, the hair resembles the quills of a Porcupine—they have no tail, and their navel is on the top of their back.

It is related in some old chronicle, that a governor of a remote province of an extensive empire, upon the charge of mal-administration, was recalled by his sovereign, and condemned to banishment.—He only begged the favour that he might be banished to one of the impoverished and despoiled towns of the province which he had governed. It was granted; but upon search, no such town could be found there. Throughout the whole province, in every district, and in every town and village, were marks of thrift and prosperity. The disgraced ruler then put the question to his sovereign, whether the province could have been ill governed, which he found in a state of decay and impoverishment, and left so prosperous and opulent? The question carried its own answer with it. It instantly wrought conviction; and the governor was taken into greater favour than ever.

Whether this be fact or fiction, the moral is alike good, The tree is best known by its fruit. The real quality of an administration is much better judged of from the effects it has upon the circumstances of the people at large, than by the name it is called by. Of all plain things this is one of the plainest, and yet there are innumerable multitudes who have not the eyes to see it. One set of rulers took these U. States in a condition of humiliation and embarrassment, and raised them to unexampled prosperity. Another set of rulers took these United States in that same condition of unexampled prosperity, and plunged them into poverty debt and embarrassment. The latter, distinguishing themselves by a talismanic name, are considered as the peoples' friends; while the former have been made to suffer neglect, reproach and scorn.—— *Con. Cour.*

DIED, at his farm, in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, on the 21st of July last, JOSEPH BECKET, Esq. aged 72 years. Mr. Becket was an early settler in this country, and through a long life sustained the character of an upright and just man. He died greatly respected by all who knew him, and has left a large family connection to lament his loss.

——, on the 15th of June last, after a short illness, at the house of his son Joseph M'Ferron, Jr. Esq. near Jacksonville, Missouri Territory, Mr. JOSEPH M'FERRON, Sen. Mr. M'Ferron was born in Ireland in the year 1739, and emigrated to America in 1793—he resided nearly 20 years in the neighbourhood of Pittsburgh, and was much respected by all who knew him as an honest man and devout Christian.

At a meeting of the Directors of

the *Pittsburgh Permanent Library Co.* on Monday the 29th July, it was, on motion,

Unanimously resolved, That the accounts of all arrears due to this society be put into the hands of the Librarian, who is requested to collect the same, with special direction to inform all those who remain indebted to this company, that unless satisfactory reasons shall be offered at the next meeting of the directors this board will proceed to enforce the law against all delinquent members by *erasing their names from the list of stockholders*, and by determining that *they be* no longer deemed members of the institution.

Adjourned till 3 o'clock in the afternoon of Friday the 9th inst. at which time the directors are particularly desired to attend.

AQUILA M. BOLTON, *Sec'y.*

Land at Auction.

TWO THOUSAND ACRES OF LAND, situated in Virginia, Randolph County, on the waters of the middle fork of Buchannon creek, about 120 miles from Pittsburgh, up the Monongahela river. An indisputable title will be given. These Lands will be Sold at Public Auction at the Court House in the City of Pittsburgh, on the Monday of next November Court week, unless sooner disposed of at private Sale. For further particulars enquire of *James Wills*, Jr. Market Street, Pittsburgh, or of the subscriber

SARAH FOWLER.

August 8, 1816.

WILLIAMS'S

Wholesale and Retail

STORE,

MARKET BETWEEN THIRD & FOURTH STREETS.

The following GROCERIES, just received, and offered wholesale and retail, on accommodating terms, viz:—

Best green Coffee	Pepper
Common do.	Allum
Young Hyson Tea	Copperas
Nutme	Madder
Cloves	Indigo, Bengal & Spanish
Cinnamon	
Alspice	Rosin Soap

ELIAS WILLIAMS.

Pittsburgh, February 16, 1816.

O'BRIEN & DYOTT,

Wholesale & Retail Druggists,

PITTSBURGH.

HAVE FOR SALE, at their DRUG WAREHOUSE, an extensive supply of the following GOODS, which, in addition to a variety of other genuine articles, they will dispose of on their usual low terms, viz:

Fresh Drugs,	Camels hair Pencils,	Apothecary scales and weights
Chemicals,	Reeve's Water Colors	Bottle and vial corks
Medicines,	Gold Leaf	Pill boxes
Perfumery,	Mortars and Pestles	Wafers and Sealing Wax
Vials assorted,	Graduated Measures	Patent Lint
Flaxseed and Sweet Oil,	Surgeons Instruments	Walden's Ink powder
Spirit Turpentine,	Single and double Trusses,	Smelling bottles assorted
Paints assorted	Bogies and Catheters	Lemon acid
Dye Stuffs,	Ivory and pewter Syringes	Ess. Bergamotte and Lemon
Painters brushes,	Bolus Knives	Castile and Windsor Soap.

Patent Medicines,

OF every description, per dozen or gross.

*** Physicians, country merchants and others, who deal in Drugs and Medicines, or any of the above articles, can be supplied at the lowest Philadelphia prices, (with the addition only of carriage expenses.)

Customers may rest assured, that particular attention will at all times be paid to furnish them with goods of the best description, and on the lowest terms possible.

Families in town and in the country, can be supplied with superior Medicines of every description, on the cheapest terms.

Pittsburgh, August 3, 1816.

APPROVED
Family Medicines

Doctor Robertson's celebrated

Stomachic Elixir of Health;

(Price $1 50 Cents.)

WHICH has proved by thousands, who have experienced its beneficial effects, to be the most valuable medicine ever offered to the public, for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Consumptions, the Whooping Cough, Asthma, pain in the Breast, Cramps, and wind in the Stomach, removing Costiveness, sickness at the Stomach, Headache, loss of Appetite, Indigestion, &c. &c.

Doctor Robertson's

Vegetable Nervous Cordial,

Or, NATURE'S GRAND RESTORATIVE

(Price $1 50 Cents.)

Is confidently recommended as the most efficacious medicine for the speedy relief and cure of all nervous complaints, attended with inward weakness, depression of the spirits, headache, tremor, faintness, hysteric fits, debility, &c.

Doctor Robertson's celebrated

Gout and Rheumatic Drops;

(Price $2.)

A safe and effectual cure for the gout, rheumatism, lumbago, stone and gravel, swellings and weakness of the joints, sprains, bruises, and all kinds of green wounds—the cramp, pains in the head, face and body, stiffness of the neck, chilblains, frozen limbs, &c.

Doctor Robertson's

STOMACHIC BITTERS.

(Price one Dollar.)

These celebrated and well known bitters are particularly recommended for restoring weak constitutions, cleaning and strengthening the stomach, and increasing the appetite. They are also a certain preventative against those complaints so common in the spring and all seasons, such as intermittent fevers and agues, long autumnal fevers, dysenteries, &c.

Doctor Robertson's

Worm Destroying Lozenges,

(Price 50 Cents.)

For efficacy, these celebrated Lozenges are unequalled; they are mild in their operation, and effectual in removing every description of worms which infest the human body, and may be given to children with safety.

Dr Dyott's ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers.

(Price 25 Cents—large boxes 50 Cents.)

Dr. Dyott's

PATENT ITCH OINTMENT.

For pleasantness, safety, expedition, ease, and certainty, is infinitely superior to any other medicine, for the cure of that most disagreeable and tormenting disorder the Itch.

Dr. Dyott's

INFLALIBLE TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

(Price 50 Cents.)

CIRCASSIAN EYE WATER.

Celebrated for curing most disorders of the eyes.

(Price 50 Cents.)

Dr. Tissott's celebrated

GOUT & RHEUMATIC DROPS.

(Price 2 Dollars.)

THE BALM OF IBERIA,

Extracted from an Iberian plant, for curing defects of the skin, and improving the complexion, &c.

(Price 2 Dollars.)

THE RESTORATIVE DENTRIFICE,

For cleansing whitening and preserving the Teeth and Gums.

(Price 50 Cents per Box.)

MAIRY'S PLAISTER CLOTH.

Recommended for the cure of Ulcers, White Swelling, sore breasts, boils, sore legs and all wounds tending to suppuration, &c.

Paul's Patent Columbian Oil,

(Price 1 Dollar.)

A Fresh supply of the above Medicines, just received and for Sale, by

OBRIEN & DYOTT,

DRUGGISTS,

WOOD STREET, BETWEEN FRONT AND SECOND STREETS,

Sole Agents for Pittsburgh.

July 29, 1815. 1yq+.

COLUMBIAN
STEAM ENGINES.

THE PITTSBURGH STEAM ENGINE CO.

INFORM the publick that their establishment is in complete operation, on an extensive scale, and consists of a

Steam Engine Factory;

AN

AIR FOUNDERY;

AN

ANCHOR AND ANVIL FACTORY;

A

BRASS FOUNDERY;

A

PATTERN MAKER'S SHOP & MACHINES for Boring and Turning in Iron and Wood;

AND A

Screw Manufactory

which furnishes all kinds of large Screws, such as for Rolling and Slitting Mills, Paper Mills Fuller's and Tobacco, Millstone Screws, &c. &c.

Orders in any of the above lines of business will be executed at very short notice.

Pittsburgh, April 16, 1816.

To the Public.

GEORGE EVANS has taken into partnership BENJAMIN E. FOOTE, in a Commercial Establishment, next door to the Pittsburgh Steam Mill, where business will be conducted by B. E. Foote, under the stile of

Evans & Foote,

Who have on hand a general assortment of

DRY GOODS,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE, and
GROCERIES.

They have also just received,

20 Kegs of BUTTER,
109 Boxes ROSIN SOAP,
A quantity of BACON, and
WHISKEY,

Which will be sold wholesale or retail.

N. B. Goods will be received for Sale on the usual commission.

GEORGE EVANS,
BENJAMIN E. FOOTE.

Pittsburgh, 17th July, 1816. 3m

MILL STONES.

THE subscriber has removed a pair of MILL STONES from the public landing. They have been laying there for many years. By making enquiry the owner could not be found—they are much defaced, and appear to be useless for the purpose of grinding grain. Finding they will answer my purpose, I agree to to pay to the owner a fair price, to deliver them up on demand.

R. JONES, *near the Post-Office.*

MORGAN'S LIQUID.

To remove Spots or Stains of Ink, Red Wine Iron Mould or Mildew.

SOAK and wash out in this Liquid the table Linen, &c. &c. thus spotted or stained, and after the colour is discharged get them up in the usual manner, and there will remain no visible effect of the injury.

Sold only in Pittsburgh, by

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,

At their wholesale and retail Apothecary, Drug and Paint Warehouse, Wood Street.

BOAT STORES

AND GROCERIES.

R. I. DUNN,

At his Store in Wood-street, near the Ferry,

KEEPS always a constant supply of provisions, Groceries and Liquors, (foreign and domestic) of the best quality.

☞ Boat Stores for gentlemen going down the river, are put up at the shortest notice, and on the most accommodating terms.

Pittsburgh, March 9, 1816. 6m

Vernon & Skidmore,

LOUISVILLE, (KEN.)

WILL receive Consignments, procure Freights for Boats for Pittsburgh or New-Orleans, make Purchases, Store and forward Goods, Wares, &c. &c. on moderate ters. For further particulars apply to ALLEN & GRANT, Pittsburgh

June 6, 1815. 3m

WILLIAM MASSON,

SAIL MAKER, PITTSBURGH.

BEGS leave to inform the public, that he has received from Philadelphia, a quantity of RUSSIA SAIL DUCK; also, a quantity of BLOCKS of various sizes, and that he is ready to receive orders from any place to make SAILS for Boats, or Vessels of any size. Likewise, SACKEN BOTTOMS, either of Country Cloth or Russia Duck.

From an experience of 20 years following the Sea, he flatters himself he will be able to give satisfaction to those who may want any thing in his line.

Pittsburgh, February 13, 1815.

N.B. Blocks and Rigging will be completely fitted, and Boats rigged in any manner that may be required. He will also draw drafts of Vessels, by which Rigging can be made to the exact quantity.

Land for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale that Valuable *FARM* situate in New-Swickly Township, Beaver County, Pennsylania, containing 414 Acres, bounded on the Ohio River, and by Lands of Captain Sholee and others—there is about 120 or 130 acres of Land cleared on said Farm. There is between 60 and 70 acres of first rate bottom, all in a good state of cultivation, on the said Ohio River, and the remainder wood land. There is also on the premises, two Log Dwelling Houses, with shingled roofs, and two Cabbins, 8 or 10 acres of meadow, with about 40 or 50 young Apple Trees, and a number of Peach Trees. Several streams of excellent water run through the premises, headed by never failing springs, with a number of small springs; also, a Log Barn with a shingled roof The title indisputable. For terms apply to

AARON MORTON.

April 20, 1816

The Real Estate of

STEEL SEMPLE, Deceased.

THIS LAND is situated within two and three miles of Pittsburgh, and is divided into small Lots of from five, six, ten and twelve acres.

The survey and draft are now completed, and the lines of the Lots and lanes, plainly and distinctly marked on the ground.

This land is fertile, near to the city, and convenient to good roads. It is so divided as to be convenient for gardners, persons desirous of attending market, or to farmers of small capital. As Out-lots, they are well suited to persons residing in the city.

They are offered for Sale on a credit of from twelve to eighteen months. The plan can be seen at my Office.

WILLIAM WILKINS.

July 2, 1816.

WILLIAMS'S

Wholesale and Retail Store,

Market, between 3d & 4th streets.

SPRING GOODS.

20 PACKAGES of the latest importations, just received and now opening, at the above Store, being an extensive assortment of *Fancy* and *Staple* articles, suitable for the present and approaching season, which are offered on terms, the most accommodating.—Country merchants, wishing to renew their assortments, will find it their interest to call and examine the above. The assortment for retailing, is *compleat*—and sold on the very lowest terms.

Extra superfine blue and black cloth	Extra and common calicoes
Fine and coarse do,	Do. furniture do.
Coatings & casinetts	Furniture dimity
Vestings, 1st quality silk and worsted	Cambrick do.
Coarse stockinetts	Gingham
Blue, black, drab mixed, buff, white, scarlet casimeres, &c.	Fancy muslins
Pelisse cloths & flannel	Cambrick do.
	4, 6, 8 & 10 1-4 diaper, &c. &c. &c.
Leventine silks	Italian & Canton crapes
Florences	Large assortment silk shawls and hand'kfs.
Shenshaws	Long and short silk gloves
Mantuas	Silk hose
Florentines	Laces, &c. &c.
Chinnells	
Sasenells	

GROCERIES,

Coffee	Rice
Teas	Allspice
Copperas	Pepper
Allum	Cinnamon
Madder	Cloves
Indigo	Nutmegs
Segars	Tobacco.
Chocolate	

Assortment of

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

New-Orleans Sugar by the bbl.

By the Crate, QUEENSWARE, well assorted for Country Merchants.

WHISKEY by the Barrel.

N. B. Those indebted to the subscriber, will please take notice, that ALL accounts, not satisfactorily settled by middle of April, coming—will, without distinction, be left with proper officers for collection.

ELIAS WILLIAMS.

Pittsburgh, March 16, 1816.

Valuable Improved Lands
FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for Sale the following Property, to wit:—*One Tract of Land*, situate in Fayette township, Allegheny county, adjoining Noblesburgh, containing 250 acres, on which is erected an excellent Farm House, Barn and Stabling, a Horse Mill, and a Stone Distillery, in complete operation, about 130 acres cleared and in high cultivation, an excellent bearing Orchard, and a large quantity of Meadow—it is well watered with springs, and adjoining a place of Public Worship.

The Stills, with all the implements for distillation, will be sold with the premises.

Also, *A Small Farm*, containing from 60 to 80 acres, more or less, on which is erected a Cabin, about 15 acres cleared, and an excelent Coal Bank on it.

Also, *One House* and *Lot* in Noblesburgh, with 7 acres of Ground attached thereto.

For terms, apply to the subscriber on the premises.

WILLIAM HERDMAN.

June 6, 1816.

BEAN & BUTLER,

Have just received and offer for Sale

English Blistered Steel,

American Do. Do. manufactured from Swedish Iron

A few Faggots CROWLY STEEL

A few Barrels prime New Orleans SUGAR

800 Barrels SALT

Spanish Flotant INDIGO.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 28, 1815.

FRESH GOODS
ROBERT GETTY,

HAS just received and is now opening at his Store, corner of Diamond & Market Street, an extensive and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

CONSISTING OF

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, and Hardware.

Purchased since the late fall of Goods and will be sold unusually low.

PITTSBURGH
Soap & Candle Manufactory

SECOND, BETWEEN FERRY AND MARKET STREETS.

THE Subscriber having considerably enlarged his Works, is ready to receive orders for supplying SOAP, hard or soft, which he engages to deliver on as good terms as can be procured from any other quarter.

Large speculations for the purpose of sending over the mountains, having drained the necessary supplies of Tallow from the market, obliges him to apologise for his present inability to supply the demand for Candles. He hopes his friends will see the necessity of prompt payment, in order to prevent in future such a procedure, to counteract which is indispensably necessary, as it is a fact beyond doubt that the markets at the most productive seasons are barely sufficient to meet the increasing wants of the inhabitants, in an article so necessary.

NICHOLAS O'CALLAGHAN.

Ma 10, 1816.

H. BONNET,

HAS just brought to Pittsburgh, and will sell by the Package or Piece, at his Store in Diamond Alley, and as low as in Philadelphia, the change of Bank Notes and Carriage excepted, for Cash or approved Notes, viz:—

SILK, cotton, and thread laces of every kind
Florence, levantine, sattin, senshaw and velvet do.
Galloon, plain and fringed ribbons, do.
Silk cords, chenille, and boot cords
French, Italian, and Canton crapes
Figured silk, and gauze for milliners
Silk and leather gloves
Cotton and silk stockings
Linnen cambrick
Bombazine and bombazett
Calicoes of every kind
Cambrick, jaconet and mull muslin
Sewing silk, millinet, and wires
Black and fancy feathers
Silk and Marseilles vesting of any kind
Long cloth and Irish linen
Silk, thread and plated buttons
Real and mock madras handkerchiefs
Flag, and other kind do.
Diaper and brown holland
Pins, cotton balls and hat covers
Ginghams of any kind
Stockinet and Berlin cord
Superfine broad cloth and cassimer
Chambray, striped, and plaid domestic cotton

With many other articles that will suit Country Storekeepers, who will find it their interest to call.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1816. tf

Just received by the Subscriber, at his Store in Market Street, between Second and Third Streets, a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, and Hardware,

which will be disposed of, wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms.

Also, for Sale, a few barrels *Tanners Oil*, and 20 boxes *Spanish Segars.*

ABISHAI WAY.

Pittsburgh August 7, 1815.

Ten Dollars Reward.

STRAYED or Stolen from the subscriber, on the 14th inst. a large Dark Bay HORSE, about 16 hands high, a little white on both hind feet, a small blaze on the forehead, remarkably lengthy in the back, and raw boned. The above reward will be given to any person who restores said Horse to the subscriber

WILLIAM REIGER.

Pittsburgh, July 16, 1816.

FLAX WANTED.

WANTED by the subscribers, thirty or forty TONS OF GOOD SCUTCHED OR SWINGLED FLAX, for which the highest price will be given in Cash, at the *Western Flax Spinning and Linen Manufactory*, on the Turnpike Road leading from Pittsburgh to Greensburgh, one quarter of a mile from the Mansion House of John Woods, Esq.; at *Matthew Stewart's* Nail Manufactory, north end of Market Street, and at *John Reed's*, four mile Ferry, on the Allegheny.

STEWART & REED.

July 4, 1815.

NOTICE.

GRATEFUL for the patronage he has received, the subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has resigned his School in favour of Mr. Andrew Donogh, whom he has proved competent to fill his place. Mr. Donogh is certainly the best reader the subscriber has heard in this City; nor are his qualifications to teach the other branches of an English education, together with the elements of Mathematics, inferior to those of any other Teacher in the place known to the subscriber.

GEORGE FORRESTER.

The undersigned acknowledges his obligations to Mr. Forrester for recommending him to the notice of his patrons. He assures them, and the public, that no attention on his part shall be wanting in order to facilitate the improvement of his pupils.

ANDREW DONOGH.

Pittsburgh, July 15, 1816.

Greensburgh and Pittsburgh
TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY.

THE President, Managers and Company have directed the 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th Instalments, of 10 per cent each, on the Capital Stock of the Company, to be paid to the Treasurer, in manner following, viz:—the 7th on or before the 6th of March; the 8th on or before the 6th of May; the 9th on or before the 6th of July; and the 10th and last on or before the 6th of September next—of which the Stockholders will please to take notice.

WILLIAM FREIDT, *Treasurer.*

3d February, 1816. 6m

The above Instalments, if paid within 60 days after the time appointed respectively, will be received by Messrs. Luckey, Stewart, and Morrow.

Groceries and Boat STORES.

JAMES M'CAY,

Water Street, between Market and Ferry Streets,

HAS on hand, and keeps constantly for Sale, on the most liberal terms, the following articles, viz:—

Liquors and Groceries,

of all kinds, and of the best quality.

PROVISIONS of every description.

☞ BOAT STORES put up on the shortest notice, and on the most accommodating terms to the purchaser.

Pittsburgh, February 23, 1816. 6m